

## PDPM Claims/MDS Drill Down

Issue	Rate Component	First...	Then...	Finally...
Acute Neurologic	SLP	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	Does the ICD-10 code listed in Section I0020B map to the Acute Neurologic clinical category?	To contribute to the SLP component, the primary medical condition listed in Section I0020B must map to the Acute Neurologic clinical category
Cardio-respiratory Failure and Shock	NTA	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	Is the ICD-10 code listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column listed in Section I8000?	To contribute to the NTA score, the Cardio-respiratory failure or shock related diagnosis code must be listed in Section I8000
Cognitive Impairment	SLP	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active (medical or treatment diagnosis)?	Review the BIMS score recorded in the MDS (must be less than 13 in order to capture "Cognitive Impairment" as a contributor to the SLP component). Is the patient on SLP caseload? Did the SLP complete a BIMS assessment?	Consider therapy documentation when looking to complete Section C of the MDS. Review of the process surrounding BIMS administration may be warranted to gain an interdisciplinary and accurate view of the patient's cognitive status.
COPD	NTA	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	Is Asthma, COPD, Chronic Lung Disease checked in Section I6200?	To contribute to the NTA score, Asthma, COPD, or Chronic Lung Disease must be captured in Section I6200
COPD Diagnosis Reported - Review for Shortness of Breath While Lying Flat	Nursing	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	Review nursing documentation, therapy documentation, physician's/NP/PA notes within the lookback period. Is any shortness of breath while lying flat documented but not captured in Section J1100C? Does the resident avoid lying flat because of shortness of breath?	Consider including a trigger for shortness of breath while lying flat in nursing and therapy documentation. This may also be coded in the MDS if the resident avoids lying flat because of shortness of breath.
CVA/TIA/Stroke Related Diagnosis Reported - Review for Hemiplegia/Hemiparesis	Nursing	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	Review physician's documentation, therapy notes, and nursing documentation for hemiplegia/hemiparesis. If so, is hemiplegia/hemiparesis checked in Section I4900?	To qualify for the Clinically Complex nursing category, hemiplegia/hemiparesis must be checked in Section I4900
CVA/TIA/Stroke Related Diagnosis Reported - Review for Hemiplegia/Hemiparesis (Review Function Score)	Nursing	Does the resident have one of the related diagnoses?	Does the resident have hemiplegia/hemiparesis captured in Section I4900? If so, review the nursing function score.	To qualify for the Clinically Complex nursing category, hemiplegia/hemiparesis must be checked in Section I4900, and the nursing function score must be 11 or less

Depression Related Diagnosis Reported - Review PHQ-9	Nursing	Is the diagnosis, in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	Review the PHQ-9 score. Does the score accurately reflect the resident's mood during the look-back period? Is the resident receiving antidepressant medication?	If clinical presentation of the resident conflicts with PHQ-9 scoring, reviewing the process surrounding the administration of the PHQ-9 interview may prove beneficial
Diabetes Mellitus	NTA	Is Diabetes Mellitus an active diagnosis?	Is Diabetes Mellitus checked in Section I2900?	To capture the 2 NTA points that correspond with an active diagnosis of Diabetes Mellitus, it must be checked in Section I2900
Dialysis Related Diagnosis Reported	Nursing	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	Review physician's documentation and orders, did resident receive dialysis? If so, is Dialysis While a Resident captured in Section O0100J2?	To qualify for Special Care Low nursing category, dialysis must be captured in Section O0100J2
Feeding Tube	NTA	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	Does the resident receive nutrition via feeding tube? If so, is Section K0510B2 marked (1. Yes)?	To capture the additional NTA point associated with nutrition via feeding tube, it must be marked in Section K0510B2
Feeding Tube Related Diagnosis Reported- Review for Fever	Nursing	Is the feeding tube related diagnosis, in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	Does the resident receive either 51% or more of total calories via feeding tube (K0710A3) OR 26%-50% of total calories (K0710A3) AND $\geq 501$ cc of enteral fluid intake per day (K0710B3)? If so, review for fever during the look-back period.	Nutrition via feeding tube (if meets the intake criteria) qualifies the resident for the nursing category Special Care Low. If fever is captured in the look-back along with the feeding tube, the resident qualifies for Special Care High.
Isolation	NTA	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	Did the resident require transmission-based precautions and single room isolation because of an infection with highly transmissible or epidemiologically significant pathogens that have been acquired by physical contact, airborne, or droplet transmission? Is the infection something OTHER THAN a urinary tract infection, encapsulated pneumonia, or wound infection? If so, consider reviewing RAI criteria for capturing Isolation while a resident in Section O0100M2.	It is best practice to review each isolation case against the RAI Manual prior to making the MDS coding decision. The guidelines for coding isolation are clearly spelled out on page O-5 of the RAI Manual. To capture the NTA point associated with isolation while a resident, it must be checked in Section O0100M2.

IV medication Related Diagnosis Reported	NTA	Is the diagnosis, in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	If the diagnosis is active, review the physician's orders/MAR/TAR. Did the resident receive any IV medications while in the facility during the look-back period, even if it was only one dose?	To capture the 5 additional NTA points associated with IV medication administration post-admit, it must be checked in Section O0100H2
Malnutrition	NTA	Is the malnutrition related diagnosis, in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	Did the physician document a malnutrition diagnosis OR document that the resident is at risk for malnutrition? If so, is malnutrition checked in Section I5600?	To contribute to the NTA score, malnutrition must be captured in Section I5600
Morbid Obesity	NTA	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	Does the resident's Body Mass Index meet the criteria for morbid obesity (BMI $\geq 40.0$ )? If resident's BMI is $>40.0$ , is one of the morbid obesity-related ICD-10 codes listed in Section I8000?	To capture the additional NTA point associated with morbid obesity, one of the following ICD-10 codes must be listed in Section I8000: E66.01, E66.2, Z68.41, Z68.42, Z68.43, Z68.44, or Z68.45
Multi-Drug Resistant Organism (MDRO)	NTA	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	Did the resident have an active infection with a multi-drug resistant organism during the look-back period? If so, is it captured in Section I1700?	To capture the additional NTA point associated with a MDRO, it must be checked in Section I1700 of the MDS
Parkinson's Disease Diagnosis Reported - Review Function Score (Nursing Function Score Cannot Exceed 11)	Nursing	Does the resident have a Parkinson's Disease diagnosis?	Is Parkinson's Disease captured in Section I5300? Is the resident's nursing function score 11 or less?	To qualify for the nursing category Special Care Low, Parkinson's Disease must be checked in Section I5300 AND the nursing function score must be 11 or less
Pneumonia Diagnosis Reported - Review for Fever	Nursing	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	If the resident has an active diagnosis of Pneumonia, is it checked in Section I2000 of the MDS? If so, review documentation for a fever in the look-back period. If fever is noted, is it captured in Section J1550A?	Capturing Pneumonia in Section I2000 qualifies the resident for the Clinically Complex nursing category. If the resident also had fever during the look-back period, they would qualify for the Special Care High nursing category.



Possible Isolation Required-Diagnosis Reported	Nursing	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	If the ICD-10 listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column is considered active, did the resident require transmission-based precautions and single room isolation because of an infection with highly transmissible or epidemiologically significant pathogens that have been acquired by physical contact, airborne, or droplet transmission? Is the infection something OTHER THAN a urinary tract infection, encapsulated pneumonia, or wound infection? If so, consider reviewing RAI criteria for capturing Isolation while a resident in Section O0100M2.	It is best practice to review each isolation case against the RAI Manual prior to making the MDS coding decision. The guidelines for coding isolation are clearly spelled out on page O-5 of the RAI Manual. To capture the NTA point associated with isolation while a resident, it must be checked in Section O0100M2.
Potential Respiratory Therapy Candidate Based on Diagnosis Reported	Nursing	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	Did the resident have orders for respiratory therapy and was it administered during the look-back period? If so, does it meet the requirements for coding respiratory therapy (as spelled out in the RAI Manual) in Section O0400D2?	To qualify for the Special Care High nursing category, respiratory therapy must be administered for all 7 days of the look-back period. Reference the RAI Manual for coding criteria.
Pressure Ulcer Diagnosis Reported	Nursing	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	Does the resident have at least one pressure ulcer stage III or IV, or two stage II pressure ulcers? If so, does the resident have orders for at least two or more selected skin treatments?	To qualify for the nursing category Special Care Low, the resident must have at least one pressure ulcer stage III or IV with two selected skin treatments OR two stage II pressure ulcers with two selected skin treatments. Selected skin treatments include pressure relieving chair and/or bed, turning/repositioning, nutrition or hydration intervention, pressure ulcer care, application of dressings (not to feet), application of ointments (not to feet).
Primary Diagnosis Supports Other Orthopedic Category	PT/OT	Is the ICD-10 code in the "Logic Test Trigger" column active? Does it map to the correct clinical category?	Is the ICD-10 code in the "Logic Test Trigger" column listed as primary on the UB04 AND in Section I0020B?	If the ICD-10 code on the UB04 is the primary diagnosis/reason for SNF stay, consider modifying Section I0020B of the MDS. If the ICD-10 code in Section I0020B is the correct primary diagnosis, consider updating the diagnosis sequencing in your EMR and re-generating the UB04 claim.



Sepsis Diagnosis Reported	Nursing	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	If the resident has an active diagnosis of Septicemia, is it checked in Section I2100 of the MDS? If so, review documentation for a fever in the look-back period. If fever is noted, is it captured in Section J1550A?	Capturing Septicemia in Section I2100 qualifies the resident for the Special Care High nursing category, unless the function score is 15 or 16, in which case the resident would qualify for the Clinically Complex nursing category
SLP-Related Comorbidity	SLP	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	Do any ICD-10 codes listed in Section I0020B or I8000 map to the an SLP Related Comorbidity utilizing the CMS mapping tool (Laryngeal Cancer, Apraxia, Dysphagia, ALS, Oral Cancers, Speech and Language Deficits)? Are any of the following identified in the corresponding MDS Sections? Aphasia (Section I4300); CVA/TIA/Stroke (Section I4500); Hemiplegia/Hemiparesis (Section I4900); Tracheostomy (Section O0100E2); Ventilator/Respirator (Section O0100F2)	To contribute to the SLP component, the ICD10 code in I8000 must map to the SLP comorbidity section of the CMS mapping tool, or the appropriate condition must be checked in one of the following sections: I4300, I4500, I4900, O0100E2, O0100F2
Suctioning	NTA	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active? Does the resident have a condition that would require suctioning?	Is suctioning supported by physician/nursing/respiratory documentation, or the Treatment Administration Record (TAR)? If so, is suctioning coded in MDS Section O0100D2?	To contribute to the NTA score, suctioning must be checked in Section O0100D2
Surgical Wound Related Diagnosis Reported	Nursing	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	If the diagnosis is active, does the resident have a surgical wound and is it captured in Section M1040E, along with a surgical wound care treatment captured in Section M1200F?	To qualify for the nursing category Clinically Complex, the surgical wound must be captured in Section M1040E, along with surgical wound care treatment in Section M1200F
Tracheostomy	NTA	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	Is tracheostomy care supported by physician/nursing/respiratory documentation, or the Treatment Administration Record (TAR)? If so, is tracheostomy care coded in MDS Section O0100E2?	To contribute to the NTA score, tracheostomy care must be checked in Section O0100E2



Tracheostomy Diagnosis Reported	Nursing	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	Is tracheostomy care supported by physician/nursing/respiratory documentation, or the Treatment Administration Record (TAR)? If so, is tracheostomy care coded in MDS Section O0100E2?	To qualify for the nursing category Extensive Services, tracheostomy care must be checked in Section O0100E2 AND the nursing function score must be 14 or less
Ventilator or Respirator	NTA	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	Is ventilator or respirator dependent care supported by physician/nursing/respiratory documentation, or the Treatment Administration Record (TAR)? If so, is ventilator or respirator use coded in MDS Section O0100F2?	To contribute to the NTA score, ventilator or respirator use must be checked in MDS Section O0100F2
Ventilator or Respirator use Reported	Nursing	Is the ICD-10 code, listed in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	Is ventilator or respirator dependent care supported by physician/nursing/respiratory documentation, or the Treatment Administration Record (TAR)? If so, is ventilator or respirator use coded in MDS Section O0100F2?	To qualify for the nursing category Extensive Services, ventilator or respirator use must be checked in Section O0100F2 AND the nursing function score must be 14 or less
Vomiting Diagnosis Reported-Review for Fever	Nursing	Is the vomiting related diagnosis, in the "Logic Test Trigger" column, active?	If the resident has an active diagnosis of vomiting, is it checked in Section J1550B of the MDS? If so, review documentation for a fever in the look-back period. If fever is noted, is it captured in Section J1550A?	Capturing vomiting in Section J1550B in the presence of fever in J1550A and a function score of 14 or less qualifies the resident for the Special Care High nursing category. If the function score is 15 or 16, the resident would qualify for the Clinically Complex nursing category.

